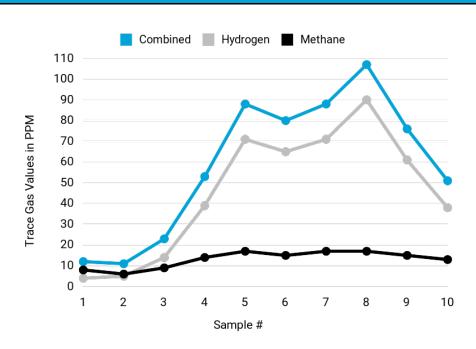




| Patient First Name: | Mahleia-Luca | Patient Last Name | Arancibia |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| Patient DOB: | 7-Jan-2015 | Patient Gender | Female |
| Practitioner Name: | Advanced Functional Medicine | Type of Test Performed: | Lactulose |
| Date Samples Collected: | 19-Feb-24 | Date of Analysis: | 23-Feb-24 |

Data



| 1 Baseline 4 8 12 2.7 2 20 min 5 6 11 3.4 3 40 min 14 9 23 3.1 4 60 min 39 14 53 3.5 5 80 min 71 17 88 3.6 6 100 min 65 15 80 3.2 7 120 min 71 17 88 3.3 8 140 min 90 17 107 3.3 9 160 min 61 15 76 3.3 | | | | | | | |
|---|----|---|----|-------------------|----------|-------------------|--|
| 2 20 min 5 6 11 3.4 3 40 min 14 9 23 3.1 4 60 min 39 14 53 3.5 5 80 min 71 17 88 3.6 6 100 min 65 15 80 3.2 7 120 min 71 17 88 3.3 8 140 min 90 17 107 3.3 9 160 min 61 15 76 3.3 | # | Sample ppm H ₂ (Hydrogen) ppm CH ₄ (Metha | | ppm CH₄ (Methane) | Combined | CO ₂ % | |
| 3 40 min 14 9 23 3.1 4 60 min 39 14 53 3.5 5 80 min 71 17 88 3.6 6 100 min 65 15 80 3.2 7 120 min 71 17 88 3.3 8 140 min 90 17 107 3.3 9 160 min 61 15 76 3.3 | 1 | Baseline | 4 | 8 | 12 | 2.7 | |
| 4 60 min 39 14 53 3.5 5 80 min 71 17 88 3.6 6 100 min 65 15 80 3.2 7 120 min 71 17 88 3.3 8 140 min 90 17 107 3.3 9 160 min 61 15 76 3.3 | 2 | 20 min | 5 | 6 | 11 | 3.4 | |
| 5 80 min 71 17 88 3.6 6 100 min 65 15 80 3.2 7 120 min 71 17 88 3.3 8 140 min 90 17 107 3.3 9 160 min 61 15 76 3.3 | 3 | 40 min | 14 | 14 9 | | 3.1 | |
| 6 100 min 65 15 80 3.2 7 120 min 71 17 88 3.3 8 140 min 90 17 107 3.3 9 160 min 61 15 76 3.3 | 4 | 60 min | 39 | 14 | 53 | 3.5 | |
| 7 120 min 71 17 88 3.3 8 140 min 90 17 107 3.3 9 160 min 61 15 76 3.3 | 5 | 80 min | 71 | 17 | 88 | 3.6 | |
| 8 140 min 90 17 107 3.3 9 160 min 61 15 76 3.3 | 6 | 100 min | 65 | 15 | 80 | 3.2 | |
| 9 160 min 61 15 76 3.3 | 7 | 120 min | 71 | 17 | 88 | 3.3 | |
| | 8 | 140 min | 90 | 17 | 107 | 3.3 | |
| 10 180 min 38 13 51 3.0 | 9 | 160 min | 61 | 15 | 76 | 3.3 | |
| | 10 | 180 min | 38 | 13 | 51 | 3.0 | |

| Interpretation | Reference Ranges | Your Test Results | |
|---|---|-------------------|--|
| SIBO Suspected – Elevated Hydrogen | Increases of hydrogen greater than 20ppm over the lowest preceding value within the first 100 minutes are indicative of bacterial overgrowth. Levels between 100-120 minutes are considered borderline. See additional interpretation | POSITIVE | |
| SIBO Suspected – Elevated Methane | Increases of methane greater than 12ppm over the lowest preceding value within the first 100 minutes are indicative of bacterial overgrowth. Levels between 100-120 minutes are considered borderline. See additional interpretation | BORDERLINE | |
| SIBO Suspected – Elevated Combined hydrogen & methane gasses | | | |

| Hydrogen (H_2) and Methane (CH_4) values corrections are based on CO_2 content in the samples. CO_2 is not used for diagnosis, only for quality assurance of samples. *Correction is based on contamination with room air or bronchial deadspace air, typically good samples are around 5.5% CO_2 . Poor samples are typically below 1.5%. If a sample is considered "poor" the charted result cannot be determined accurately due to contamination of the sample. This does not mean the test is inconclusive in all cases. |
|--|
| Notes |

| Patient reporte | d symptoms o | fabo | lomina | d | liscomi | fort (| during | testing |
|-----------------|--------------|------|--------|---|---------|--------|--------|---------|
|-----------------|--------------|------|--------|---|---------|--------|--------|---------|

Additional Information and Interpretation

- Hydrogen Baseline Reading should read below 10 ppm if performing a the Methane Spot Retest and disregarded if performing the Constipation Breath Test.
- Methane Spot Retest Methane levels are considered in relation to the previous Lactulose breath test baseline reading to monitor treatment efficacy.
- Constipation Breath Test Methane is high if reading is >10 ppm.

1. Rezaie A, Buresi M, Lembo A, Lin H, McCallum R, Rao S, et al. Hydrogen and methane-based breath testing in gastrointestinal disorders: The North American Consensus. The American Journal of Gastroenterology. 2017;112(5):775.

2. Triantafyllou K, Chang C, Pimentel M. Methanogens, methane and gastrointestinal motility. J Neurogastroenterol Motil. 2014;20(1):31-40.