

-.ALEXANDRA MIDDLETON **6 EDWARDS BAY ROAD MOSMAN NSW 2088** 

### **KRITIKA GUPTA** 11-Nov-1986 **Female**

**801/9 ALBANY STREET ST LEONARDS NSW 65** 

LAB ID: 3819208 UR NO.: 6607455 Collection Date: 30-May-2022 Received Date:01-Jun-2022



#### **Clinical Notes:**

	Vaginal	Micro	biome	Profile
Vaginal pH.	5.5 *H	3.5 -	_	•
Opportunistic Bacteria	Result	Range	Units	
Enterococcus faecalis:	0.10	< 1.0	x10^5 CFU/ml	
Escherichia coli:	<dl< th=""><th>&lt; 1.00</th><th>x10^5 CFU/g</th><th></th></dl<>	< 1.00	x10^5 CFU/g	
Klebsiella pneumoniae:	0.10	< 1.00	x10^5 CFU/ml	
Proteus mirabilis:	<dl< th=""><th>&lt; 1.00</th><th>x10^5 CFU/ml</th><th></th></dl<>	< 1.00	x10^5 CFU/ml	
Pseudomonas aeruginosa:	<dl< th=""><th>&lt; 1.00</th><th>x10^5 CFU/ml</th><th></th></dl<>	< 1.00	x10^5 CFU/ml	
Streptococcus agalactiae:	<dl< th=""><th>&lt; 1.00</th><th>x10^5 CFU/ml</th><th></th></dl<>	< 1.00	x10^5 CFU/ml	
Staphylococcus aureus:	<dl< th=""><th>&lt; 1.00</th><th>x10^5 CFU/ml</th><th></th></dl<>	< 1.00	x10^5 CFU/ml	
Gardnerella vaginalis:	<dl< th=""><th>&lt; 1.00</th><th>x10^5 CFU/ml</th><th></th></dl<>	< 1.00	x10^5 CFU/ml	
Atopobium vaginae:	0.01	< 1.00	x10^5 CFU/ml	
Prevotella species:	<dl< th=""><th>&lt; 1.00</th><th>x10^5 CFU/ml</th><th></th></dl<>	< 1.00	x10^5 CFU/ml	
Megasphaera species:	<dl< th=""><th>&lt; 1.00</th><th>x10^5 CFU/ml</th><th></th></dl<>	< 1.00	x10^5 CFU/ml	
Ureaplasma species	<dl< th=""><th>&lt; 1.00</th><th>x10^6 CFU/ml</th><th></th></dl<>	< 1.00	x10^6 CFU/ml	
Mycoplasma species	<dl< th=""><th>&lt; 1.00</th><th>x10^6 CFU/ml</th><th></th></dl<>	< 1.00	x10^6 CFU/ml	
<b>Sexually Transmitted Inf</b>	ections			
Trichomonas vaginalis:	<b>Not Detected</b>		COMMENT	r.
Chlamydia trachomatis:	Not Detected			• •
omamyala traonomatio.	Hot Botootou		Not Detect	ed results indicate the absence of
Neisseria gonorrhoeae:	Not Detected		detectable	DNA in this sample. A negative
Neisseria gonorrhoeae: Herpes Simplex Virus-1:	Not Detected Not Detected		detectable	
Neisseria gonorrhoeae: Herpes Simplex Virus-1: Herpes Simplex Virus-2:	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		detectable	DNA in this sample. A negative
Neisseria gonorrhoeae: Herpes Simplex Virus-1:	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		detectable	DNA in this sample. A negative
Neisseria gonorrhoeae: Herpes Simplex Virus-1: Herpes Simplex Virus-2:	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected thogens <dl< th=""><th>&lt; 1.00</th><th>detectable</th><th>DNA in this sample. A negative</th></dl<>	< 1.00	detectable	DNA in this sample. A negative
Neisseria gonorrhoeae: Herpes Simplex Virus-1: Herpes Simplex Virus-2: Opportunistic Fungal pa	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected thogens	< 1.00 < 1.00	detectable result does	DNA in this sample. A negative not completely exclude infection.
Neisseria gonorrhoeae: Herpes Simplex Virus-1: Herpes Simplex Virus-2: Opportunistic Fungal pa	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected thogens <dl< th=""><th></th><th>detectable result does x10^5 CFU/ml</th><th>DNA in this sample. A negative s not completely exclude infection.</th></dl<>		detectable result does x10^5 CFU/ml	DNA in this sample. A negative s not completely exclude infection.
Neisseria gonorrhoeae: Herpes Simplex Virus-1: Herpes Simplex Virus-2: Opportunistic Fungal pa Candida albicans: Candida glabrata:	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected thogens <dl 10.00 *H</dl 	< 1.00	detectable result does x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml	DNA in this sample. A negative s not completely exclude infection.
Neisseria gonorrhoeae: Herpes Simplex Virus-1: Herpes Simplex Virus-2: Opportunistic Fungal pa Candida albicans: Candida glabrata: Candida krusei:	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected thogens <dl 10.00 *H <dl< th=""><th>&lt; 1.00 &lt; 1.00</th><th>detectable result does x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml</th><th>DNA in this sample. A negative s not completely exclude infection.</th></dl<></dl 	< 1.00 < 1.00	detectable result does x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml	DNA in this sample. A negative s not completely exclude infection.
Neisseria gonorrhoeae: Herpes Simplex Virus-1: Herpes Simplex Virus-2:  Opportunistic Fungal pa Candida albicans: Candida glabrata: Candida krusei: Candida parapsilosis:	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected thogens	< 1.00 < 1.00 < 1.00	x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml	DNA in this sample. A negative s not completely exclude infection.
Neisseria gonorrhoeae: Herpes Simplex Virus-1: Herpes Simplex Virus-2:  Opportunistic Fungal pa Candida albicans: Candida glabrata: Candida krusei: Candida parapsilosis: Candida tropicalis:	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected thogens	< 1.00 < 1.00 < 1.00	x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml	DNA in this sample. A negative s not completely exclude infection.
Neisseria gonorrhoeae: Herpes Simplex Virus-1: Herpes Simplex Virus-2:  Opportunistic Fungal pa Candida albicans: Candida glabrata: Candida krusei: Candida parapsilosis: Candida tropicalis: Beneficial Bacteria:	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected thogens <dl *h="" 10.00="" <dl="" <dl<="" th=""><th>&lt; 1.00 &lt; 1.00 &lt; 1.00 &lt; 1.00</th><th>x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml</th><th>DNA in this sample. A negative s not completely exclude infection.</th></dl>	< 1.00 < 1.00 < 1.00 < 1.00	x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml	DNA in this sample. A negative s not completely exclude infection.
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Neisseria gonorrhoeae: Herpes Simplex Virus-1: Herpes Simplex Virus-2:  Opportunistic Fungal pa Candida albicans: Candida glabrata: Candida krusei: Candida parapsilosis: Candida tropicalis: Beneficial Bacteria: Total Lactobacillus: Lactobacillus crispatus:	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected thogens <dl *h="" *l<="" 10.00="" 10.15="" <dl="" th=""><th>&lt; 1.00 &lt; 1.00 &lt; 1.00 &lt; 1.00 &gt; 1.00</th><th>x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^6 CFU/ml</th><th>DNA in this sample. A negative s not completely exclude infection.</th></dl>	< 1.00 < 1.00 < 1.00 < 1.00 > 1.00	x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^5 CFU/ml x10^6 CFU/ml	DNA in this sample. A negative s not completely exclude infection.
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### Lactobacillus vaginalis: **Bacterial Vaginosis:**

x10^6 CFU/ml

> 1.00

<DL \*L



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**Clinical Notes:** 

Bacterial vaginosis Negative



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3819208

#### **Clinical Notes:**

### **Vaginal Microbiome Comments**

#### VAGINAL pH ELEVATED:

Vaginal pH can be elevated by the presence of pathogenic infection, blood, semen, vaginal medications, using certain soaps and douches. In the absence of the latter, an elevated pH may be the result of decreased serum oestradiol and is suggestive of menopause or hormone imbalance and may require further pathology investigation.

The typical vaginal pH is 3.5-4.5. Prepubertal and postmenopausal pH levels are normally >5 pH. With the increase of the oestrogen levels around puberty, the genital mucosa thickens and becomes colonized with Lactobacillus species which produce lactic acid and hydrogen peroxide to lower the pH below 4.5.

#### References:

Caillouette et. al., 1997, American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 176(6)1270-1277.

Panda et. al., 2014, Journal of Mid-Life Health, 5(1):34-37.

Kaambo et. al., 2018, Front Public Health, 6:78.

#### LACTOBACILLUS:

Lactobacillus is the predominant genus in a healthy vaginal microbiota, and functions to inhibit the adhesion and proliferation of opportunistic and primary pathogens.

The presence of different Lactobacillus species is a major factor in the stability of the vaginal microbiome. Women with L. iners-dominant microbiomes are more likely to harbor Candida than women with L. crispatus-dominant microbiomes (due to higher production of lactic acid by L. crispatus compared to L. iners), leading to better anti-Candida activity (impeding Candida colonization) than L. iners through a greater production of lactic acid. Furthermore, L. iners dominance has been associated with other negative health outcomes such as increased risks of Chlamydia trachomatis infection, incident Bacterial Vaginosis and defects in vaginal mucus that compromise antiviral barrier function.

#### TOTAL LACTOBACILLUS LEVELS LOW:

Total Lactobacillus quantification should be  $>1x10^6$  CFU/ml in a healthy Vaginal Microbiome. Production of H2O2 by Lactobacillus species is essential in inhibiting the overgrowth of pathogens. In cases where total Lactobacillus levels are low, presence of pathogenic bacteria should be reviewed and probiotic therapy should be considered. Microorganisms not belonging to the Lactobacillus genus with the population equal to or greater than  $1 \times 10^5$  CFU/ml is considered to be disturbing the vaginal ecosystem equilibrium. References:

Pacha-Herrera et. al., 2020, Frontiers in Cellular and Infection Microbiology, 10:303.

Oerlemans et. al., 2020, Europe PMC, 10(11).

Tomusiak et. al., 2013, Polish Society of Gynaecologists, 84:352-358.

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#### **Clinical Notes:**

#### Sex. Transmitted Infection Comments

TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS - Not Detected:

This does not completely exclude the possibility of infection as is dependent on an adequate specimen collection. If you have symptoms, please consult with your healthcare practitioner.

#### CHLAMYDIA TRACHOMATIS – Not Detected:

This does not completely exclude the possibility of infection as is dependent on an adequate specimen collection. If you have symptoms, please consult with your healthcare practitioner.

#### NEISSERIA GONORRHOEAE - Not Detected:

This does not completely exclude the possibility of infection as is dependent on an adequate specimen collection. If you have symptoms, please consult with your healthcare practitioner.

#### HERPES SIMPLEX VIRUS Type 1 - Not Detected:

This does not completely exclude the possibility of infection as is dependent on an adequate specimen collection. If you have symptoms, please consult with your healthcare practitioner.

#### HERPES SIMPLEX VIRUS Type 2 - Not Detected:

This does not completely exclude the possibility of infection as is dependent on an adequate specimen collection. If you have symptoms, please consult with your healthcare practitioner.

#### **Vaginal Candidiasis Comment:**

#### VAGINAL CANDIDIASIS (VC):

Candida sp. are both opportunistic fungal pathogens and commensal members of the vaginal microbiome.

VC is defined by disruption in Lactobacillus dominance (Total Lactobacillus <10^6 CFU/ml) and high levels of Candida sp. (>10^5 CFU/ml).

VC is predominantly caused by Candida albicans, with other species (C. glabrata, C. krusei, C. tropicalis, C. parapsilosis) also causative, although with milder symptoms.

VC is not associated with elevated vaginal pH levels. It is rare for fungal infections to be present combined with bacterial vaginosis.

VC symptoms include itching, discharge (typically white), burning sensation, dysuria (painful urination), dyspareunia (pain during sexual intercourse) and reddening of vaginal tissue due to invasion of the epithelium by Candida species. Asymptomatic vaginal candidiasis is also relatively common and does not require treatment. Risk factors include antibiotic use, poorly controlled diabetes mellitus, low immunity and oestrogen therapies.

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