

Ambulatory pH Monitoring
Nepean Public Hospital | Motility Lab | PENRITH NSW | 02 47343036

Patient: Caterina Nicotera 0486099

Gender:	Female	Physician:	Dr J Kalantar
Age:		Referred by:	Dr Daneshjoo
DOB:		Test Operator:	Dr J Kalantar
Height:		Medication:	N/A
Weight:		Date:	01/08/2023

REFLUX MONITORING SUMMARY

Acid Exposure Summary	Total	Normal	Upright	Normal	Supine	Normal
Acid exposure time (%)	11.2	4.2%	14.0		7.5	
Longest reflux (min)	29.9		3.1		29.9	
DeMeester Score	46.3	< 14.7				

Symptom Association Summary	Symptom
Number of occurrences	24
Symptom index for reflux (SI)	62.5
Symptom association prob. (SAP)*	99.2

Note: pH normal values in the report are from publications wherein subjects are not taking acid suppressive medication, irrespective of the medication selection in the Diary.

DETAIL TABLES

Total

Period Durations (HH:MM)	Total	Upright	Supine	Post- prandial	
Total Time	24:00	14:24	09:36	10:53	
Analysis Time	22:38	13:02	09:36	10:53	

Analysis Thresholds	Ch 1
Threshold, pH	4.0

Acid Reflux Analysis	Total	Upright Supine		Post- prandial	
Acid exposure time (HH:MM)	02:32	01:49	00:43	01:36	
Acid exposure time (%)	11.2	14.0	7.5	14.7	
Number of refluxes	237	201	36	176	
Number of long refluxes	1	0	1	0	
Longest reflux (min)	29.9	3.1	29.9	2.9	

DeMeester Score	Score	Normal*
Ch 1	46.3	

^{* 95}th percentile

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Caterina Nicotera	Date: 01/08/2023	Page: 1 of 2	Digitrapper™



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Symptom Analysis	Symptom
Number of occurrences	24
Symptoms related to reflux	15
Symptoms not related to reflux	9
Reflux periods	237
Symptom Index (SI)	62.5
Symptom Sensitivity Index (SSI)	6.3
Symptom Association Prob. (SAP)*	99.2

^{*} Probability that symptom and reflux are not associated solely by chance, (>95% is significant)

Procedure Description

After high resolution oesohageal manometry to obtain accurate position of lower oesophageal sphincter; the pH, impedance catheter was placed 5 cm above the LOS and a 24 hour recording was obtained

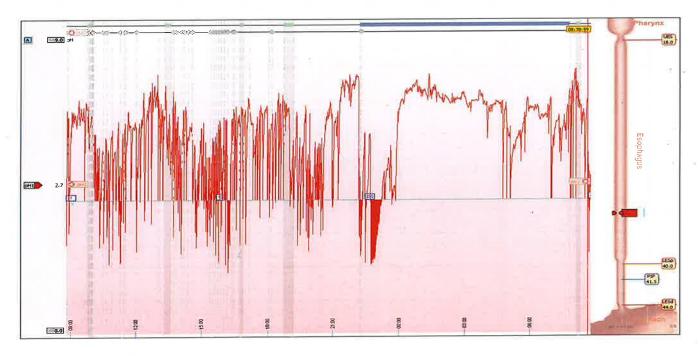
Indications

Throat irritation, heartburn, acid taste in the mouth GORD improved but not fully settled on PPI. Study done off PPI for one week.

Interpretations

The total acid exposure time was 11.2 % (N<4.2%). The symptoms index was 62.5% (significant if>50%) and symptoms association probability SAP was 99.2% (significant if >95%). DeMeester score > 40 seen in severe GORD. This study is consistent with pathologic acid reflux disease.

J S KALANTAR



Caterina Nicotera Date: 01/08/2023 Page: 2 of 2 Digitrapper™

High-Resolution Esophageal Motility Study



Nepean Public Hospital Motility Lab 02 4734 3036 PENRITH, NSW High Resolution Manometry HRM

Physician: J Kalantar Female Gender: Patient: J Kalantar 28-04-1974 Operator: DOB / Age: Dr Daneshjoo Nicotera, Caterina Referring Physician: 168 cm Height: Esophageal HRM **Examination Date:** 01-08-2023 0486099 Procedure:

Lower Esophageal Sphincter Region		Normal	Esophageal Motility	4-7	Normal
Landmarks			Number of swallows evaluated	17	
Proximal LES (from nares)(cm)	45.1		Chicago Classification		
LES length(cm)	4.0	2.7-4.8	% failed	6	
Esophageal length (LES-UES centers)(cm)			% weak	0	
	3.0		% ineffective	6	
Intraabdominal LES length(cm)			% panesophageal pressurization	0	
Hiatal hernia?	No			6	
LES Pressures			% premature contraction		
Pressure meas. method	eSleev		% fragmented	6	
	e,IRP				
Basal (respiratory min.)(mmHg)	7.4	4.8-32.0	% intact	88	
Basal (respiratory mean)(mmHg)	12.8	13-43	Number of hypercontractile swallows	0	
Residual (mean)(mmHg)	4.7		Additional High Resolution Parameters		
	4.7	<15.0	Distal latency	8.5	
Residual (median)(mmHg)		10.0	Distal contractile integral(mean)(mmHg-cm-s)	1813.9	500-5000
Residual (highest)(mmHg)	8.0	- 40 00/	Contractile front velocity(cm/s)	2.3	<9.0
Percent relaxation(%)	70	>40.0%	Contractile from velocity(crivs)	2.0	10.0
			Discourse of ALEO Madellar		Normal
Upper Esophageal Sphincter		<u>Normal</u>	Pharyngeal / UES Motility	47	Nominal
Mean basal pressure(mmHg)	30.1	34-104	No. swallows evaluated	17	
Mean residual pressure(mmHg)	9.2	<12.0	Evaluated @ 3.0 & N/A above UES		
			Mean peak pressure(mmHg)	8.3	

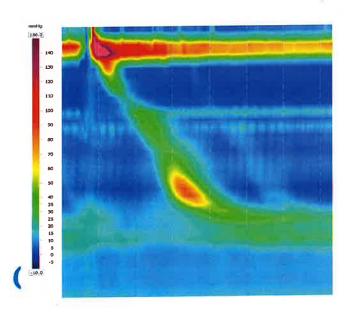
Chicago Classification Findings*

The high resolution oesophageal manometry catheter was inserted as per protocol after applying local anaesthetics at the nasopharynx. The recording was obtained using the Chicago 4.0 protocol with ten 5ml water swallows in the supine position followed by five 5ml swalows in the upright position. Multiple rapid swallow and rapid drink challenge were performed if appropriate. The procedure was uncomplicated.

Indications

Throat irritation, heartburn, acid taste in the mouth GORD improved but not fully settled on PPI. Study done off PPI for one week.

Nearly all the swallows progressed normally and were intact. IRP, DL, DCI were normal. There was good peristaltic reserve on multiple rapid swallows (DCI ratio>1). Overall this was a normal study.



J S KALANTAR FRACP

Nicotera Caterina, 0486099, 01-08-2023

No Chicago Classification abnormality found

* Findings are based on published Chicago Classification scheme and are only intended to serve as a guide for patient diagnosis

High-Resolution Esophageal Motility Study



Nepean Public Hospital Motility Lab 02 4734 3036 PENRITH, NSW High Resolution Manometry HRM

Physician: J Kalantar Gender: Female Patient: DOB / Age: 28-04-1974 Operator: J Kalantar Nicotera, Caterina Referring Physician: Dr Daneshjoo 168 cm Height: 01-08-2023 0486099 Esophageal HRM Examination Date: Procedure:

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Chicago Classification Findings*

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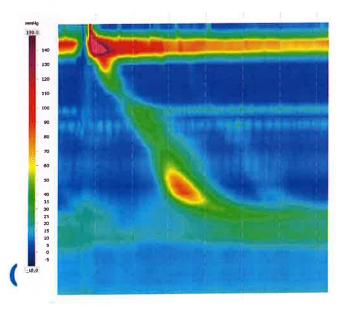
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