

Pathology Report



specialist Diagnostic Services, ABN 84 007 190 043 APA 000042, trading as Dorevitch Pathology.

Phone: 03 8345 6031 Dr. Philip Kostos

UR No: NA 24-34825246 Dr Ref Lab Number:

MCGRATH, MICHELLE Patient: 10/12/24 Receipt Date:

Address: 408 CRAIGS RD, MOORALLA VIC Collected: 10/12/24 @ 11:20 AM Postcode: 3314 0425 854 120 17/12/24 @ 10:22 AM Phone: Reported:

DoB: 12/02/73 Gender: Female Age: 51 Years

Tests Requested: PWH * = Tests Outstanding

DR HOW, MING ZHOU Doctor:

BALLARAT BASE HOSPITAL

CC Drs: PROZESKY, MARGARETA, BALLARAT BASE

HOSP.

BALLARAT VIC 3350

HISTOPATHOLOGY REPORT ACCESSION No. BB24-021257

CLINICAL HISTORY

Right breast HW guided excision (excisional biopsy). BX = radial scar. Histopathology.

MACROSCOPY

Labelled 'right breast excisional biopsy.'

Specimen composition: Fibrofatty breast parenchyma, with a short, medium and long suture presumed superior, medial and lateral respectively. There is a hookwire entering the specimen anteriorly and exiting posteriorly.

Weight: 4.9 g

Dimensions: 12 x 16 x 36 m (SIxMLxAP)

Slices: 6 slices from anterior to posterior at 4 mm intervals with 10 mm end slices

Findings: The hookwire enters in slice 1 and exits in slice 6. The excision shows extensive fibrocystic change with focal fat necrosis however no discrete lesion is identified.

Inking: Medial-yellow, inferior-green, superior-blue, lateral-black. Blocks: A = slice 1-anterior margin LS x3. B-E = slices 2-5 respectively. F = slice 6-posterior margin LS x 4. A6.

MICROSCOPY

All tissue has been processed and examined.

A cavitated area surrounded by histiocytes and inflammatory reaction present, in keeping with the previous biopsy site, predominantly in slice 5.

Lesion is present in slices 1-6, showing a focus of radial scar, with central densely hyalinised area surrounded by ducts with open lumina, showing epithelium and myoepithelial lining. Part of this lesion and the surrounding expansile ducts are within a markedly hyalinised breast stroma. The expansile ducts are showing features of duct carcinoma in situ, focally showing cribriform, and clinging pattern of involvement. The duct spaces are showing epithelial lining with moderate to severe nuclear pleomorphism(2 to 3 times the size of normal nuclei) with areas of very markedly eosinophilic cytoplasm, staining negative for ER and CK5/6. These changes are more or less similar to the biopsy, compatible for apocrine type DCIS. Central comedo necrosis is also seen. In a few spaces. A myoepithelial layer is present around these ducts, confirmed with calponin, p63 and myosin. A prominent sclerosis is seen within the stroma of the lesion. Very marked crush artefact is seen at the excised margin, larges as below.

In multiple blocks immunostaining has been performed, invasive carcinoma is not demonstrated.

NORMAL FILE NOTES REQUIRED RECALL PATIENT URGENT

URGENT



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CONCLUSION

Right breast hookwire guided excision: Duct carcinoma in situ, partly involving a radial, excised as below.

Synoptic report

Carcinoma in situ: Present

Type: Carcinoma in situ (apocrine subtype)

Nuclear grade: 2(intermediate) and 3(high) grade

Size: 36mm(by reconstruction of slices)

Architecture: Cribriform, solid

Associated necrosis: Present (central comedo necrosis)

Associated calcification: Present

Other: radial scar, partially involved by apocrine duct carcinoma in

situ.

Margin involvement for carcinoma insitu:
Distance of invasive carcinoma from closest margins: superior =

positive, over 6mm, inferior = 0.4mm, medial = positive over 1.2mm, lateral /inferior = 0.5mm, anterior = focally positive, over 1.3 mm,

posterior = 1.3mm

Reported by: Dr. Ranjula Liyanage, MBBS, MD, FRCPA; 17/12/2024

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NORMAL FILE

NOTES REQUIRED

RECALL PATIENT

URGENT

NON URGENT