

Study Date: 18-06-2025

Referral:Dr Vanessa TathamPatient:Karley BRODIEAddress:354-358 Crown StreetDOB:29-01-2001

Wollongong 2500 Address:

Examination:	Pelvic ultrasound
Indication:	Pre-operative assessment. Cyclical suprapubic pain. Mirena in-situ

LMP: Amenorrhoeic.

Today's study is performed by transabdominal and transvaginal examinations.

The uterus is anteverted, anteflexed and midline. It is of normal dimensions and measures 67 x 47 x 25 mm (uterine volume 41 ml).

The uterine contour is normal.

The myometrium is symmetrical in myometrial thickness and homogenous in echotexture. No evidence of fibroid or adenomyosis.

The pouch of Douglas is mobile with positive sliding sign. There is mild site-specific tenderness noted.

The cervix measures 23 mm in length.

3D reconstruction of the coronal plane demonstrates a normal cavity shape.

The endometrium measures 1.5 mm in thickness and is proliferative in appearance. The outline appears regular, displaying uniform echogenicity. There is no focal abnormality or internal vascularity detected.

The IUCD is positioned correctly within the cavity.

The right ovary measures 31 x 28 x 14 mm (volume 6.3 ml), and has a normal follicular appearance. It contains 16 antral follicles.

There is an avascular unilocular cyst with ground glass echogenicity and fluid level, measuring $12 \times 10 \times 11$ mm (0.7 ml). It contains an avascular echogenic solid area measuring $12 \times 10 \times 9$ mm (0.57 ml), which may represent a retracted blood clot.

Colour Doppler imaging shows normal blood flow.

It is mobile and non-tender on transducer pressure.

The left ovary measures 25 x 24 x 25 mm (volume 7.8 ml), and has a normal follicular appearance.

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It contains 13 antral follicles and a corpus luteum measuring 15.0 mm.

Colour Doppler imaging shows normal blood flow.

It is mobile and tender on transducer pressure.

There are no other pelvic or adnexal masses seen. There is no free fluid in the pouch of Douglas. Both kidneys appear normal with no hydronephrosis is seen.

CONCLUSION:

The Mirena is positioned correctly within the cavity.

The right ovary contains a unilocular cyst, with benign features, likely a haemorrhagic cyst with a retracted blood clot or an endometrioma. A progress scan in 3 months to assess resolution will be of value. Persistence of the cyst would favour the differential diagnosis of an endometrioma.

The left ovary is mobile and the left uterosacral ligament is mildly thickened. There is site-specific tenderness in both left ovary and left uterosacral ligament, which may represent superficial peritoneal endometriosis.

No other significant abnormality detected.

Click or copy the link into web browser to access images;

https://qubs.com/app/p?t=5e474dcd-e9e6-4991-a66d-02cb64ee6cfb

Kind regards,

Dr. Wanyu Luk BMedSc MBBS FRANZCOG DDU COGU

Sonographer: EL

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